Date:

The Vision of the School: Distinct Environment for Refined Education



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### Dialogues +Composition+Comprehension



### **Second Term 2023/2024**

Pupil's Nar	<b>me:</b>	
Class	:	
Teacher's	Name:	

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# Dialogues

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<u>1-Supp</u>	ply the missing parts in the following dialogue	
Yasse	er: Hi Adel! Would you like to come with me to the club th	is evening
Adel	•	•••••
Yasse	er: Why not?	
Adel	: My brother is going to leave to Europe tonight.	
Yasse	er:	?
Adel	: He is going on business to bring machines for his factor	<b>y.</b>
Yasse	er:	luck.
Adel	•	• • • •
packag	splete the following dialogue between Lisa who wants to some to New York, USA and the clerk of a post office Good morning.	<u>ena a</u>
Clerk:	Good morning?	
Lisa : I	want to send this package to New York.	
Clerk:	No problem?	
Lisa : It	t contains three books and five Polo shirts.	?
Clerk:	Actually it depends on the weight of the package. Let me weig	h it first.
Lisa : O	Ok. How much?	
Clerk:	Three pounds and it will cost 200 dollars.	
Lisa:_	Will you please give me a receipt?	
Clerk:	Yes, of course. Here is your receipt.	
Lisa : T	Thank you very much.	
Clerk:	Most welcome.	

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2. Supply	the missing parts in the following dialogue:	
<i>3</i> - Buppi <u>y</u>	the missing parts in the following dialogue.	
Teacher	r: Where's your homework?	
Nabil	<b>:</b>	
Teacher	: Why didn't you bring it?	
Nabil	: Because I didn't do it.	
Teacher	r <b>:</b> ?	
Nabil	: Because we had my cousins who live in Canada.	
	r <b>:</b> ?	
Nabil	: They arrived yesterday afternoon.	
	r: Next time, don't forget to do your homework.	
Nabil	•	
Mani	• · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
1. Dialogue	writing between passenger and booking clerk	
<b>Clark:</b> Good	I morning!?	
Passenger:	I want a reservation of two tickets to Delhi.	
Clerk: Have	you filled the reservation form?	

★ Clerk: But there is no seat available on 25th January.

Passenger: Please book two tickets. Thank you, Sir.

Clerk: The time of departure is 07:38 am.

★ Passanger: Is there any seat available in Jan Shatabdi Express.

**☆** <u>Clerk:</u> -----.

★ Passenger: -----?

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5- Supply the missing parts in the following dialogue:
Manar: Do you like playing games?
Dalia:
<b>Manar:</b> ?
Dalia: Basketball.
Manar:?
Dalia: I usually play it on Friday.
Manar: Where do you play basketball?
Dalia :
6-Supply the missing parts in the following dialogue
<b>Tom:</b> ?
Peter: I didn't come to school because I was ill.
Tom: What was wrong with you?
Peter:
Tom: Did you go to the doctor?
Peter:

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Peter: I will stay at home for three days.

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$\stackrel{\wedge}{\boxtimes}$	•	
$\frac{4}{2}$	7 Complet	e the following dialogue between Johnathan who has been suffering from
$\stackrel{\wedge}{\bowtie}$	7. Complet	e the following dialogue between Johnathan who has been suffering from 🔆 ver and a doctor.
$\stackrel{\wedge}{\Rightarrow}$	•	
		: Good evening, Doctor.
$\frac{1}{2}$	Doctor : Go	ou evening:
$\stackrel{\wedge}{\sim}$	Jonnathan	: ·
$\frac{1}{2}$	DOCLOF:	· Lucually fool high tomporature between F to 6 pm
		you feel any shivering sensation then?
	Johnathan	· Yes Ido
	Doctor :	?
$\stackrel{\wedge}{\boxtimes}$	Johnathan	: Yes. I have running nose due to cold.
$\frac{1}{2}$	Doctor : Do	you feel thirsty then?
		: Yes, I wish I could get very cold water. ☆
☆		
₩	8-Supply	the missing parts in the following dialogue
☆		: Have you ever been to France?
₩	1 ar u	<b>→</b>
☆	Ayman	: Yes, I went there last summer.
$\stackrel{\wedge}{\bowtie}$	Tarril	
☆		
₩		: Yes, I liked it very much.
☆		: How did you go there?   ☆
₩	Taru	t 110 // with J ou go under t
☆	Ayman	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
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$\frac{4}{2}$		
$\stackrel{\wedge}{\boxtimes}$	Ayman	: At a small hotel in Paris.
$\frac{1}{2}$		÷ :?
$\stackrel{\wedge}{\square}$	•	$\Delta$
$\frac{1}{2}$	Ayman	:Three weeks.
$\stackrel{\wedge}{\square}$	T	What did you have those?
☆		
$\stackrel{\wedge}{\Rightarrow}$	Ayman	
$\stackrel{\wedge}{\boxtimes}$		

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☆ ☆ ☆	0-Supply the missing parts in the following dialogue
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☆	Alice: Hey, Sarah, I didn't mean to hurt your feelings.
☆ ☆	Sarah: It's okay, I appreciate your apology for what happened yesterday but I was hurt
☆	when you said those things.
	Alice: I know, and I feel really bad about it?
$\frac{1}{2}$	Sarah:, we can still be friends. Just please be mindful of how your
☆☆	words can affect others.
☆☆	Alice:
$\stackrel{\wedge}{\Rightarrow}$	
<b>☆</b>	
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<b>☆</b>	Medhat: I'd like to eat
☆ ☆ ☆	andplease.
\(\frac{1}{4}\)	7aki · I'm not hungry I'd like

Waiter: Sorry sir, we haven't got ice-cream. ....?

: Some orange juice ,please.

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Sally: I phoned you last night but you weren't at home.	
Hala: I tennis at the	club.
Sally:	?
Hala: I have played tennis for three years.	
Sally: any cups?	
Hala: No, I have never won any, but I hope so.	
Sally: If you practice hard, you'll win a lot of cups and medals	•
Hala: Of course, but enough to	ime.
12-Supply the missing parts in the following dialogue	
Sami and Reem are talking about the summer holiday	
Sami and Reem are talking about the summer holiday  Sami: Where did you go last summer?	
Sami and Reem are talking about the summer holiday  Sami: Where did you go last summer?  Reem: I went to Mersa Matrouh, but I	
Sami and Reem are talking about the summer holiday  Sami: Where did you go last summer?  Reem: I went to Mersa Matrouh, but I	
Sami and Reem are talking about the summer holiday  Sami: Where did you go last summer?  Reem: I went to Mersa Matrouh, but I	?

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**R**eem: I didn't like the hotel because it was very dirty.

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## Comprehension

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### 2 1. Read the text carefully and answer the questions below ★ Coronavirus

Coronavirus is a newly discovered virus. It causes a disease ★ called Covid-19. In some parts of the world, it has made lots of people sick. Corona is a Latin for crown, because under the microscope these viruses look like a crown with spikes ending in little blobs.

A lot of symptoms are similar to the flu. You may have dry and itchy cough, fever, lots of sneezing and even hard to breathe. Most of people who has gotten sick with this coronavirus have had a mild case. It means you will not feel the disease. But, for people who are much older or who already have health problems are more likely to get sicker with coronavirus.

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If anyone gets sick and feels like they may have coronavirus, they can immediately ☆ call their doctors and get help. If there is something we are not sure about the information, confused or worried about, don't be afraid to ask someone we trust.

Here are some things you can do to protect yourself, family and friends from getting sick: 1) wash your hands often using soap and water. 2) Sneeze into your elbows. It is believed that coronavirus spread through little liquid from our lungs. If you sneeze into your elbows, you can prevent germs for going far into the air. 3) Avoid ★ touching your face. Don't pick your nose. Don't touch your mouth. Don't rub your eyes. They are the places where the virus enters our bodies. Remember that this kind of 🙀 virus can affect anybody. It doesn't matter where you come from or what country you are from. Don't forget, there are a lot of helpers out there who are working to protect us from the virus. We can take a part by keeping our health and stay at home to stop ★ the virus spread to others.

<b>☆</b>	1. Summarize the passage in three lines.
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☆	
, ,	2. Give another title to the passage.
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☆	2. N/h = t = h = v.ld =
$\stackrel{\sim}{\Leftrightarrow}$	3 What should you do when you are confused about the virus information?
☆	
☆	4 Why should not we touch our faces?
$\stackrel{\wedge}{\boxtimes}$	
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### 5 Why is it called coronavirus?

- 📥 a) It's a Spanish word, means crown.
- ★ b) It's a Latin word, means crown.
  - c) It's a Mexican word, means crown.

### 6 Why should we sneeze into our elbows?

a) To prevent the germs from spreading in the air.

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- ★ b) Because you can't find a tissue.
  - c) Because you have fever.

### **7** Synonym of symptoms is:

- a) treatments
- ★ b) reasons.

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c) indications.

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	2.Read the text carefully and answer the questions below (H.W)
₩	<u>A sharks' trainer</u>
☆	I'm Sarah Turner. I have an unusual job. I train sharks at the Sea Life
$\frac{1}{2}$	
☆	are scared of them, of course. I want to learn more about them so that I can
$\frac{1}{2}$	teach people not to be scared. Sharks live in huge tanks. You need to be
☆ ☆	brave to dive with a video camera to film the sharks in the sea.
$\frac{1}{2}$	We teach sharks to touch a special button to get food. Every button is a
₩ ₩	different colour. The sharks learn to recognize their button and press it with
	their noses when they are hungry. We move the button around the tank so
₩ ₩	that the sharks learn to follow them.
☆	<b>→</b>
☆	means "food", although it doesn't look like food. And when we put the
$\frac{1}{2}$	button in a different place, they still remember it.
❖	i ve learnt a lot about sharks eating habits and fournes. I ve also learnt
	that all sharks have different personalities. One of the young sharks here
☆	likes to chase the bigger sharks. They also like to play with her food. Sharks
	are not monsters. They are often clever, funny creature.
	A) Answer the questions:
W W	1. Sarah Tuner wants to learn more about sharks. Discuss.
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$\frac{1}{2}$	
☆	2. Mention one example from the text to prove that sharks can understand.
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$\frac{1}{2}$	
☆	3-Summarize the passage in one sentence.
☆ ☆	
$\frac{1}{2}$	

### B) Choose the correct answer:

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- 4. You need to be brave to (press the button dive with a video camera to † film the sharks -chase the bigger sharks-play with the food).

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### 3- Read the text carefully and answer the questions below

### "Chocolate"

Christopher Columbus
first to take cacao
New World to Europe
But the history of
back at least 4,000
who lived in America,
bitter cacao drink was
heaven. In fact, the
Linnaeus named the



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was **probably** the beans from the an around 1502. chocolate goes years! The Aztecs, thought that their a *divine* gift from scientist Carolus plant *Theobroma*,

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which means "food of the gods."

The Spanish explorer Hernando Cortez went to America in 1519. He visited the Mexican emperor. He saw that emperor drank cacao mixed with vanilla and spices. Cortez took some cacao home as a gift to the Spanish King Charles. In Spain, people began to drink Cortez's chocolate in a drink with chili peppers. To sweeten the drink, Europeans added sugar to the cacao drink. As a sweet drink, it became more popular.

★ Later, people started using chocolate in *pastries*, like pies and cakes. In 1828, Dutch
 ★ chocolate makers started using a new process for removing the fat from cacao
 ★ beans, and getting to the center of the cacao bean. The Dutch chocolate maker
 ★ Conrad J. van Houten made a machine that pressed the fatfrom the bean. The
 ★ resulting powder mixed better with water than cacao did. Now, some call van
 ★ Houten's chocolate "Dutch chocolate."

Today, two countries - Brazil and Ivory Coast - account for almost half the world's chocolate. The United States imports most of the chocolate in the world, but the Swiss eat the most chocolate per person. The most chocolate eaten today is sweet milk chocolate, but people also eat white chocolate anddark chocolate.

★ Cocoa and dark chocolate are believed to help *prevent* heart attacks, or help keep them from happening. They are supposed to be good for the circulatory system. On the other hand, the high fat content of chocolate can cause weight gain, which is not good for people's health. Some researches show that chocolate could be good for the brain.

A Chocolate is a popular holiday gift. A popular Valentine's Day gift is a box of chocolate candies with a card and flowers. Chocolate is sometimes given for Christmas and birthdays. Chocolate eggs are sometimes given at Easter.

★ Chocolate is toxic to some animals. An ingredient in chocolate is poisonous to
 ★ dogs, cats, parrots, small rodents, and some livestock. Their bodies cannot
 ★ process some of the chemicals found inchocolate. Therefore, they should never
 ★ be fed chocolate

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	1 How did people first consume chocolate? a As a sweet drink b As a bitter drink c As a chocolate bar d In cakes and pastries
	2. Why did Linnaeus name the plant <u>Theobroma</u> ?
	a Because he believed it to be a "giftfrom heaven." b Because he believed it to be "food ofthe gods." c Because he thought chocolate to be toxic. e B and C are correct.
☆	3. Which people eat the most chocolate perperson?
☆☆	a The Dutch b.The English c. The Swiss d.The Mexicans
☆☆	4. The Synonym of a <b>divine gift</b> is a a chocolate gift. b a gift from God. c a delicious gift. d a bitter gift.
$\stackrel{\wedge}{\boxtimes}$	5. Pastries are
☆ ☆	
$\frac{4}{4}$	6. If something is <b>toxic</b> it is
☆ ☆	a poisonous. b disgusting. c emotional. d popular.
☆ ☆ ☆	7- Antonym of <b>bitter</b> is
$\frac{4}{2}$	
☆ ☆ ☆	9. Eating chocolate has good and bad effects on health Explain
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### 4. Read the text carefully and answer the questions below (H.W) The moon

Although the moon may seem small and **insignificant** compared to the rest of the universe, the size and the location make it very important to the earth. Other than the sun, it is the most visible body in the sky. Because of this, humans have been fascinated by the moon since ancient times. It has been studied both from the Earth and from space.

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In fact, more than 70 spacecrafts have been sent on missions to the moon. In addition, the moon is the only place outside of the Earth that has been visited by humans. The average distance of the moon from the Earth is about 238,900 miles (384,400 kilometers). This may seem like a great distance. However, compared to the distance of the earth from other planets, the moon is actually quite close.

### A) Answer the questions:

1. Although the moon is insignificant compared to the rest of th	e
universe, it is significant to the Earth. Illustrate.	
	•
2 WH 4 4 4 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	•
2. What is the most visible body in the sky?	

### B)Choose the correct answer:

- 3. The synonym of "insignificant" is (important –unimportant compared- fascinated).
- 4. Less than (60 80 50) spacecrafts have been sent on missions to the moon.

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### 5. Read the text carefully and answer the questions below Charlie Chaplin's Early Life.

Sir Charles Spencer Chaplin was a comic actor, filmmaker, and composer who rose to fame in the era of silent film. He ★ became a worldwide icon through his screen persona, the Tramp, and is considered one of the film industry's most important figures.



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He was believed to have been born on April 16, 1889. There is some doubt whether April 16 is actually his birthday, and it is

possible he was not born in 1889. There is also uncertainty about his birthplace: London or France. There is no doubt, however, as to his parentage: he was born to ★ Charles Chaplin and Hannah Harriette Hill, both Music Hall entertainers. His parents separated soon after his birth, leaving him in the care of his unstable mother.

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In 1896, Chaplin's mother was unable to find work; Charlie and his older half-brother ★ Sydney Chaplin had to be left in the workhouse at Lambeth, moving after several weeks to Hanwell School for Orphans Children. His father died because of alcoholic addiction when Charlie was 12, and his mother suffered a mental breakdown, and died in 1928 in the United States, two years after coming to the States to live with Chaplin.

Charlie first took to the stage when, aged five, he performed in Music Hall in 1894. As a child, he was confined to a bed for weeks due to a serious illness. In 1900, aged 11, his brother helped get him the role of a comic cat in the pantomime Cinderella in the London. In 1903 he appeared in his first regular job, as the newspaper boy Billy in ★ Sherlock Holmes. This was followed by a "Circus show", and, the following year, he became a clown in a comedy company.

According to immigration records, he arrived in the United States on October 2, 1912. Chaplin remained in the United States. Chaplin's seen by film producer Mack Sennett, who hired him for his studio, the Keystone Film Company. Chaplin married 4 ★ times and had 10 children. He died on December 25, 1977

7	<b>☆ ☆ ☆ ☆</b>
- Date	
1. When and where was Charlie Chaplin born?	
2. Give title to the second paragraph.	
3. How did Charlie Chaplin's parents die?	
4 Which was the first character that Charlie portrayed during his first regular jo	ob?
. ,	
a) Before his appearance in Casey's "Court Circus", Charlie portrayed Billy in "Sh	erlock
Holmes".	
b) He became a clown in Fred Karno's "Fun Factory" during his first regular job.	
c) Charlie portrayed Casey at the "Court Circus" variety show. 1903, Charlie port Jim in "Sherlock Holmes"	rayed
Similar Sheriodk Hollings	
5 Who was the owner of the studio that hired Chaplin while being in the USA?	)
a) Arthur Stanley was the owner of Karno Company, that hired Chaplin during his	is
staying in the USA.	
b) Mack Sennett hired him for his own company.	
c) Chaplin decided to return to England where Mack Sennet hired Charlie for his	studio
d) Karno Company and Keystone Film Company where the same studios owned	αγ
Mack Sennett.	

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### 6. Read the text carefully and answer the questions below (H.W) The Olympic Games

The Olympic Games are the world's leading sport event. Athletes from almost every country in the world compete in them. The Olympics include the Summer Games and the Winter Games. Each is organized in a different country once every four years.

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Until the early 1990s the summer and winter games were held in the same year. Today they are separated by two years. The Olympic Games were first held in ancient Greece at a site called Olympia. The ancient Greek agames lasted until AD 393. The Olympics were revived in the late 1800s. The games that began then are called the modern Olympics.

$A)_{\lambda}$	Answer	the	questions:
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1. When were the Olympic games renewed?	
2. Talk about the competitors in the Olympic Games.	

### B) Choose the correct answer:

- 3. The games that began in the late 1800s are called the (old Greek modern-ancient) Olympics.
- 4. Another title for the passage can be "The (development effect success failure) of the Olympic games".

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### 7. Read the text carefully and answer the questions below

In ancient times, people tried to explain the world around them based on what they saw. People in ancient times saw that the sun came up from one side of the earth, moved across the sky, and went down on the other side. Based on this **observation**, they believed that the sun travels around the earth. Going directly from observation to conclusion is called non-scientific thinking.

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Here is an example of non-scientific thinking. Maybe you had a sick stomach, and ate a candy bar. An hour later, you observed that you felt much better. You might conclude that it was the candy bar that made you feel better. But there are other possible explanations for the observation. Maybe you had taken some medicine an hour earlier, and it took a while to work. Maybe enough time had passed, and you would have felt better without eating the candy bar. Non-scientific thinking happens all the time.

The scientific method is a way of thinking that helps you to avoid drawing incorrect conclusions. It does this in three ways. First, it helps you to avoid nonscientific thinking. It also reminds you to treat your first conclusion as one of several possible conclusions. Finally, it reminds you to gather evidence to support your conclusion.

- - 2- Write a simple summary for this article.
  - 3- In paragraph three, what does pronoun "It" refers to?
- ★ 4- The antonym of "observation" is (conclusion- remark- ignorance- consideration)

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- A. The scientific method is a way of thinking that helps you avoid drawing incorrect conclusions.
- B. The scientific method reminds you to treat your first conclusion as one of several possible conclusions.
- C. The scientific method reminds you to gather evidence to support your conclusion.

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### 8. Read the text carefully and answer the questions below (H.W)

★ My name is Becky. I love travelling, and one day I'd like to go around the ★ world. When I'm older and I've finished school, I will travel around the world for a year! It will be great. I read a lot of books about different places around the world and I want to visit all the places. I have already planned where I want to go when I'm older.

First, I'll go to China and walk along part of the Great Wall. What an experience! Did you know that it's 6,400 kilometers long! It's amazing to think about all the people in the past who have walked along that wall.

After China, I'll go to Thailand. I'd like to travel through the busy streets of Bangkok. I'll stop at a street market and try the food. I love spicy food, and Thai curry is my favourite meal. I like the mixture of sweet and **☆** sour flavours.

My next trip will be Australia. It's got sun and beaches, so it's the  $\frac{2}{3}$ perfect place to relax. My favourite sport is surfing, and Australia has some of the best surfing beaches in the world. I could also enjoy diving and \* ★ snorkeling. The water in Australia is very clear, so I could see lots of fish. I ★ wish I was there now! But I have to wait until I'm older enough.

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### A) Answer the questions:

☆	1. What did Becky read about? And what does she dream about?
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☆☆	2. Mention the sea sports can Becky enjoyed in Australia.
	3- Give a suitable title to the passage.
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### $\stackrel{\sim}{\triangleright}$ B) Choose the correct answer:

- **★** 3. Becky will travel around the world when (she is one year old- she's finished school- she is in China- she is free).
  - 4. Becky will eat spicy food in (China Australia Thailand-Italy).

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### Composition 1 Advantages & disadvantages of T.V

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When you're writing an essay discussing advantages and disadvantages, organise your ideas according to the plan below. Write in a formal style. Do not use short forms or abbreviations.

### INTRODUCTION

Introduce the subject of the essay and both sides of the topic.

### **MAIN PART (2 PARAGRAPHS)**

Present the advantages in one paragraph and the disadvantages in another paragraph. Cover both sides of the topic equally. Use linking words/phrases:

To list points: firstly, first of all, to begin with, secondly, also, in addition, what is more, finally, lastly, etc.

**To express contrast:** however, on the one hand, on the other hand, etc.

### CONCLUSION

- Make a general statement. Use phrases like: In conclusion.... To sum up,...
- State your opinion if you want to. Use phrases like:

In my opinion,... Personally, I believe... I definitely think... In my view...



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☆	Write a paragraph discussing the advantages & disadvantages of T.V by following the plan.
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$\stackrel{\frown}{\not\sim}$	(2) The Mid-year Holiday
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	- Write a paragraph of six sentences on "Last Mid-year holiday".
☆☆	<u>Guide ideas: (</u> Last-go-El Sokhna-family-train-hotel – comfortable-visit-
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When you're writing a description of an event, organise the information according to the plan below.

### INTRODUCTION

- Give some general information about the event:
  - name
  - when and where it takes place
  - who takes part in it (could also be included in the main part)
  - what people celebrate (could also be included in the main part)

### **MAIN PART**

Mention what preparations people make, what people eat, do, etc.

### CONCLUSION

Give your opinion of this event or make a general comment.



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<b>★</b> Mother's Day is coming soon. Write a paragraph on "Mother's Day"	• ☆
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$\stackrel{\wedge}{\bowtie}$	(6) Our Hobbies and Talents
$\stackrel{\bigstar}{\sim}$	- Write three paragraphs on "Your Hobbies and your Talents":
₩ ☆	Guide Words:-
☆	(doubt – hobbies – talents – life – interesting – useful – interesting –
	do – hobbies – for pleasure – everybody – such as practise –
$\frac{\wedge}{\wedge}$	hobbies – club – home – spare time – important – develop – talents-
$\frac{1}{2}$	by the help – teachers – parents – Generally – hobbies – talents –
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☆☆	(7) Earth Watch
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	- Write three paragraphs on 'Earth Watch":
$\sim$	Guide Words:-
$\stackrel{\wedge}{\sim}$	(doubt – all of us – care – the Earth – everyone – look after –
☆	environment – protect – shouldn't – cut down – waste – water –
$\frac{1}{2}$	throw rubbish - Moreover - killing - wild animals - bad - wild life-
$\stackrel{\bigstar}{\sim}$	repair – old – buildings – plant – trees – flowers – Generally –
	following – rules – Earth watch – surely – country – most beautiful)
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